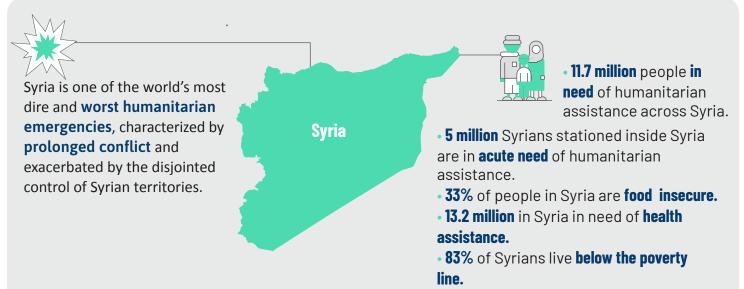
Multi-Sectoral Scoping Assessment of Key Sectors in Dara'a and Quneitra





(Source: 2019 HNO)

3iS Multi-Sectoral Assessments



3iS conducted and compiled a study to support our partners in expanding their knowledge of five pre-determined sectors in southern Syria. The sectors that were assessed in the Quneitra and Daraa Governorates are agriculture, water and sanitation, irrigation, health and waste management.



The assessment was specifically intended to gather and explore information on available markets and value chains as well as flow and access of goods and services at the district level for each of the five identified sectors.



The report also looked to assess the availability of sectoral goods and services in local markets at the sub-district level to identify dysfunctional value chains to help inform how local markets could be stimulated, so that needs can be met and to improve vital service delivery along the pre-identified value chains.

Project Duration: **1 year, since 2018**

Current project:

Multi-Sectoral Scoping Assessment of Key Sectors in Dara'a and Quneitra

Project budget: USD 137,328.07

Number of partners 3iS currently supports: 2





Methodology



The assessment commenced with the recruitment of six Syrian enumerators, alongside a comprehensive desk review. This was followed by meetings with a total of seven relevant

stakeholders in Amman to further underline information gaps and define the approach for the field phase. Key Informants (KIs) were identified who could serve as relevant respondents for each sector. In total, 20 KI interviews were conducted.

undertook a detailed and comprehensive enumerator training package run by 3iS personnel. Due to the security constraints in southern Syria, the first and second phases of field data collection were combined, with enumerators making contact with the KIs and coordinating interviews with 3iS personnel in Amman. The final phase of data collection involved the cleaning and analysis of questionnaire responses.

Prior to the data collection phase, enumerators

Sectoral Findings

Agricultural

- 200% increase on the prices of importing goods and supplies.
- Agriculture and local councils are dependent on external funding to stay operational.
- Agricultural support from NGOs, aid agencies and local institutions have ceased.

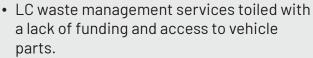
Health 🚖

- Significant lack of technically qualified health workers.
- Lack of gender balance.

Irrigation

- Quneitra: abundant sources of irrigation water from dams; Dara'a: reliant on well water for irrigation.
- Large areas of cropland went without irrigation this summer due to conflict displacement.

Waste management <



- Separating metal and plastic is not a widespread activity.
- Local NGOs played a crucial role in maintaining waste management services throughout the conflict

Water and Sanitation 🗧

- Water trucking is the main supplying mechanism to communities, heavily reliant on fuel and maintenance.
- Machinery theft, supply access and security issues hinder well rehabilitation efforts.
- Many households burn sludge waste on site, increasing the risk of pollution and illness.

Recommendations



- More training and sector-specific education for workers.
- The need for the Russian-backed Government of Syria (GoS) to step up and deliver vital services to the communities of Quneitra and Dara'a.
- Establishing a robust and sustainable security environment in southern Syria.

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